

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE • Social and Economic Statistics Administration • BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

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SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

Native Population of Alaska by Race: 1970

This report presents 1970 census statistics on the native population of Alaska for the State, selected census divisions, and selected places of 2,500 or more. The native population of Alaska includes persons who identified themselves as Eskimo, American Indian, or Aleut in response to the color or race question on the 1970 census questionnaire. In this report, social and economic characteristics (age, sex, marital status, education, occupation, industry, and income) are presented separately and in some combinations for Eskimos, American Indians, and Aleuts.

The data on the native population of Alaska were derived from the question on color or race, which was asked of all persons in Alaska (see facsimile of questionnaire item 4 on page 4). The concept of race as used by the Bureau of the Census does not denote any scientific definition of biological stock. Rather, it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1970 census obtained information on race primarily through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves.

The statistics in this report are based on a 20-percent sample and are therefore subject to sampling variability.

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CHARACTERISTICS OF THE NATIVE POPULATION

A summary of the social and economic characteristics of the total population by race for Alaska is presented in table A, and historical information for the native population is contained in table B. According to the 1970 Census of Population, the native population numbered 50,605 and comprised about 17 percent of the total population of Alaska. Among native Alaskans, Eskimos were the largest racial group, 28,233, accounting for 56 percent of the total native population. The percentage of Eskimos has increased over the decades; in 1940, Eskimos were 48 percent of the natives. In 1970 about a third, or 16,080, of the natives were Indians, and approximately 12 percent, or 6,292, were reported as Aleuts.

Table A. SUMMARY OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TOTAL POPULATION, BY RACE FOR ALASKA: 1970

				Native po	pulation	
Subject	All races ¹	White	Total	Eskimo	Indian	Aleut
Total	300,382	237,897	50,605	28,233	16,080	6,292
Percent by race	100.0	79.2	16.8	9.4	5.4	2.1
Percent in rural areas	51.2	45.9	83.0	90.9	70.8	78.3
Median age: Male Female	23.3 22.1	24.0 23.1	17.3 17.6	16.3 16.9	18.5 18.5	19.2 18.9
Percent married of persons 14 years old and over: Male Female	61 . 1 71.4	63.9 74.2	46.6 56,2	47.2 53.9	46.1 57.4	45.5 63.5
Percent high school graduates of persons 25 to 34 years old: Male	78.4 74.6	85.0 82.3	32.2 27.8	23.7 19.7	40.7 41.5	39,9 28,1
Median family income	\$12,443	\$13,464	\$5,799	\$4,808	\$6,819	\$8,116
Per capita income of persons	\$ 3,765	\$ 4,308	\$1,406	\$1,096	\$1,728	\$1,977
Percent of population below low-income level	12.6	6.7	41.3	50.7	32.3	21.7
Percent who worked 50 to 52 weeks of workers 16 years old and over:						
MaleFemale	58.8 21.6	64.3 23.8	23.7 20.3	18.8 18.1	28.5 24.2	29.8 18.3

¹Includes Negro, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, and other races not shown separately.

Table B. RACE OF THE NATIVE POPULATION OF ALASKA: 1939 TO 1970

(Data for 1970 based on 20-percent sample. For other years, data based on complete count.

Minus sign (-) denotes decrease)

Subject	Total native population	Eskimo	Indian	Aleut
Total:				
1970	50,605	28,233	16,080	6,292
1960	42,522	22,323	14,444	5,758
1950	33,863	15,882	14,089	3,892
1939	32,458	15,576	11,283	5,599
Male:				
1970	26,005	14,295	8,377	3,333
1960	21,950	11,479	7,412	3,059
1950	17,548	8,200	7,238	2,110
1939	16,790	8,034	5,788	2,968
Female:	j			
1970	24,600	13,938	7,703	2,959
1960	20,572	10,844	7,032	2,696
1950	16,315	7,682	6,851	1,782
1939	15,668	7,542	5,495	2,631
Percent distribution:				
1970	100.0	55.8	31.8	12.4
1960	100.0	52.5	34.0	13.5
1950	100.0	46.9	41.6	11.5
1939	100.0	48.0	34.8	17.2
Percent change over preceding census:				
1970	19.0	26.5	11.3	9.3
1960	25.6	40.6	2.5	47.1
1950	4.3	2.0	24.9	-30,1
Males per 100 females:				
1970	105.7	102.6	108.7	112.0
1960	106.7	105.9	105.4	113.
1950	107.6	106.7	105.6	118.
1939	107.2	106.5	105.3	112.

The native population grew at a slower rate than the total population of Alaska during the 1960-70 decade. The rate of increase was 19 percent for the native Alaskans compared with 33 percent for the total population. In-migration was a major factor contributing to the faster growth rate for the population as a whole.

The vast majority of native Alaskans lived in rural areas of Alaska. Over 90 percent of Eskimos, 71 percent of Indians, and 78 percent of Aleuts compared to about half of all Alaskans were rural residents in 1970. Between 1960 and 1970 the rural native population increased 13 percent, whereas the urban native population, which numbered only 8,622 in 1970, had increased 63 percent in this period.

In 1970 Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts lived in different sections of the State. Two-thirds of the Eskimo population were found in rural portions of four census divisions—Bethel, Kobuk, Nome, and Wade Hampton—along the western coast of Alaska. American Indians were distributed throughout all census divisions with the

largest concentrations in Anchorage, Juneau, Ketchikan, Wrangell-Petersburg, and Yukon-Koyukuk. Three out of five Aleuts resided along the extreme southwestern coastal area of Alaska in the Aleutian Islands and Kodiak Census Divisons.

Persons in Alaska were younger, on the average, than the population in the entire country. The median age of all Alaskans in 1970 was 22.9 years, considerably below the national average of 28.1 years. Natives were even younger, with an average age of 17.5 years. Median ages of Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts were 16.6, 18.5, and 19.1 years, respectively.

Among native men 14 years old and over, the proportions married (47 percent) and single (46 percent) were about equal. In contrast, 56 percent of native women were married, and only about a third were single. Similar patterns existed for each racial group which comprised the native population. The proportions of all men and women (14 years old and over) in Alaska who were married were substantially different from the

natives—61 percent of all men and 71 percent of all women in Alaska were married.

Wide disparities also existed in educational, occupational, income, and poverty status between the natives and the total population of Alaska. However, within the native population also, variations were evident among the racial groups—Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts.

Young adult natives (25 to 34 years old) were less likely than all young persons in Alaska to be high school graduates. Three out of every 10 natives finished the 12th grade as compared with 8 out 10 for all young adults. A greater proportion of young adult Indians were high school graduates than Aleuts—41 percent of American Indians and 34 percent of Aleuts. Only about one-fifth of the Eskimos 25 to 34 years old completed a high school education.

To a great extent, Alaskan natives hold seasonal jobs (especially in the fishing industry); this fact is reflected in the low proportions who were year-round workers or who were employed during the reference week. Over 17,000, or 66 percent, of native Alaskans 16 years old and over were workers in 1969, but only 46 percent of these workers were employed during the reference week, i.e., the calendar week prior to the 1970 census enumeration. About one-fourth of all native male workers in 1969 worked year-round (50 to 52 weeks) as contrasted with 59 percent of the total male workers during that same year. The proportion of native women workers who held year-round jobs was about the same as for all women workers (20 percent and 22 percent, respectively).

About a third of employed Eskimos were in each of three major occupation groups—white-collar, blue-collar, and service occupations. A larger proportion of Indians were employed in blue-collar jobs (39 percent) than in white-collar or service jobs. Over half (54 percent) of Aleuts were employed as blue-collar workers. Of the three components of the native population, Aleuts had the smallest percentage employed in service jobs.

The median income of all families in Alaska in 1969 was \$12,443, well above the national average of \$9,590. However, the average for families with a native head was \$5,799, 47 percent of that for all families in Alaska. Of the three groups, Aleuts had the highest median family income (\$8,116) followed by Indian families with an average income of \$6,819. The lowest median income was \$4,808 for Eskimo families.

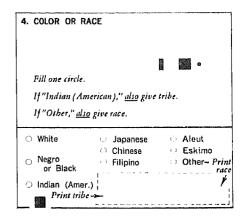
The proportion of natives below the low-income level in 1969 was more than three times that for the total population of Alaska—41 and 13 percent, respectively. Two out of 10 Aleuts, 3 out of 10 Indians, and 5 out of 10 Eskimos were poor, that is, were below the low-income level.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Race. The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons (see facsimile of questionnaire item below). The concept of race as used by the Bureau of the Census does not denote any scientific definition of biological stock. Rather, it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1970 census obtained information on race primarily through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves.

For persons of mixed parentage who were in doubt as to their classification, the race of the person's father was to be used. In 1960, persons who reported mixed parentage of white and any other race were classified according to the other race; mixtures of races other than white were classified according to the race of the father.

The category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock.



Note: On the questionnaires used in all States except Alaska, the categories "Hawaiian" and "Korean" were substituted for "Aleut" and "Eskimo."

Native Population. In this report, the category "Native population" includes persons living in Alaska who indicated their race as Eskimo, American Indian, or Aleut. It does not relate to place of birth. The 1970 census data on the native population of Alaska may not be consistent with data from other sources such as the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Indian Health Service, or Office of the Governor for the State of Alaska. One of the major reasons for differences is that census data are based on self-identification, whereas statistics from other sources may be based on biological stock or population rolls. For some purposes, not including the

1970 census classification by race, all Alaskans who are at least one-fourth Aleut, Eskimo, or Indian are defined as "native."

In the 1970 census, the category "Indian" includes persons who indicated their race as American Indian or who did not indicate a specific race category but reported the name of an Indian tribe. The categories "Eskimo" and "Aleut" include persons who indicated their race as such.

Allocation Procedures for Race. If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the race of other household members, using specific rules of precedence of relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household, the race of the head of the preceding household was assigned.

Related Materials

1970 Census Reports. Data on the Eskimo and Aleut populations were collected for Alaska only, whereas information on the American Indian population is available for all States.

Statistics on American Indians were published in chapters B and D of 1970 Census of Population, Volume I, Characteristics of the Population. Population totals and sex distributions, based on complete-count data, are presented in chapter B for the United States, its regions, divisions, and States, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, places, and counties. Age, sex, and nativity statistics on American Indians, based on the 15-percent sample, are shown for all States in chapter D. In the report for Alaska, comparable data are also shown for Eskimos and Aleuts. Chapters B and D were originally published as paperbound reports in Series PC(1)-B, General Population Characteristics, and Series PC(1)-D, Detailed Characteristics, respectively.

Statistics on the American Indian population are found in Volume II Subject Reports of the 1970 Census of the Population, namely, PC(2)-1F, American Indians; PC(2)-3A, Women by Number of Children Ever Born; PC(2)-4C, Marital Status; PC(2)-5A, School Enrollment; PC(2)-5B, Educational Attainment; PC(2)-7A, Occupational Characteristics; PC(2)-9A, Low-Income Population; and PC(2)-9B, Low-Income Areas in Large Cities.

Data will be presented for Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts in another 1970 Census of Population, Supplementary Report, Series PC(S1) featuring statistics on the race of children of family heads cross-classified simultaneously by race of the head and race of the wife, if any.

Reports from Earlier Censuses. Information for 1960 on racial composition of the United States, regions, divisions, States, SMSA's, urbanized areas, cities, and counties was published in 1960 Census of Population,

Volume I, Characteristics of the Population. Statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the American Indian population, based on a 25-percent sample, and statistics for Eskimos and Aleuts in Alaska, based on complete-count data, are presented in the 1960 Census of Population, Volume II, PC(2)-1C, Nonwhite Population by Race.

For the 1950 census, data on American Indians for States were published in Volume II, Characteristics of the Population. Data on social and economic characteristics of American Indians are presented in 1950 Census of Population, Volume IV, Part 3B, Nonwhite Population by Race, and in Volume IV, Part 5B, Education. Population totals together with age and sex distributions, are shown separately for each group in Alaska and social and economic characteristics for the total native population were published in Volume II, Characteristics of the Population, Part 51 in "Territories and Possessions."

Comparability With Other Data

The decennial census of 1880 was the first in which the population of Alaska was enumerated by the United States. Separate data have been collected on the native population of Alaska since the 1910 census, In the 1910 census, as in the 1920 and 1930 censuses, Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts were considered as one racial category—"Indian." A special schedule was used in the 1910 census to classify the Indian population (including Eskimos and Aleuts) by stock, tribe, and whether full or mixed blood. This procedure was also used in the 1930 census. Information on stock or tribe was not collected in 1920, and W. T. Lapp, who supervised the 1920 census operations in Alaska, estimated the number of Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts from the total count of Indians.

Since the 1940 census, the racial categories have been expanded on the census questionnaire for Alaska to show Eskimo and Aleut separately. In the 1940 census reports, the term "native stock" was used to designate the Eskimo, Indian, and Aleut populations in Alaska. "Native stock" included these indigenous races in the State, but it was not necessarily limited to persons born in the continental United States or its territories or possessions. In 1950, "native stock" was replaced by "aboriginal stock." No collective terminology was used in 1960. The category "native population" has been used in this report.

In the 1970 census, as in the 1960 census, information on race was obtained principally through self-enumeration. Respondents had the opportunity to classify themselves with respect to race, but nonrespondents were interviewed by telephone or direct visit. In censuses prior to 1960, the racial classification was made, for the most part, on the basis of observation by

enumerators who may not have identified some of the Indians who were living off reservations.

There is some evidence that self-enumeration may have increased the accuracy of the 1960 and 1970 count of American Indians in the entire country. Preliminary review of the statistics for Alaska indicates that self-enumeration may have resulted in more accurate identification of Aleuts and Eskimos in 1960 and 1970.

Presentation of the Data

Derived Figures (Percents, Median, etc.). Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in this report. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum base for 1970 is 100 (persons, families, or households) for the 20-percent sample.

Caution should be exercised in the interpretation of data for small subgroups of the population, including Eskimos, Indians, and Aleuts because these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling varability. For more information on this subject, see 1970 Census, American Indians PC(2)-1F, Appendix D.

Percents that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "-"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols. A dash "-" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown. The symbol "NA" means not available, and "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Area Classifications

Usual Place of Residence. In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1970 census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

Urban and Rural Residence. The urban population comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 inhabitants or more outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except Alaska)¹ but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; (b) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants of more; and (c) other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

Census Divisions. The primary divisions of the States are, in general, termed counties, but there are no counties in Alaska. In this State, statistical areas called census divisions were developed for general statistical purposes through the cooperation of the State and the Census Bureau and are treated as county equivalents.

Boundaries. The data shown for 1970 relate to boundaries as they existed on January 1, 1970. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas is given in table 10 of the Volume I report for that State.

Social Characteristics

Age. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Household. A household includes all persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit. The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

Relationship to Head of Household. Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

1. Head of household. One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was considered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished—the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

¹Boroughs in Alaska are treated as county subdivisions and may include one or more incorporated places.

- 2. Wife of head. A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages.
- 3. Other relative of head. All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
- 4. Not related to head. All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Family. According to 1970 census definition, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Related Children. This report shows statistics on families by presence of "related" children. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 years old who are related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age.

Unrelated Individuals. An unrelated individual may be (1) a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the head, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution. In tables on income and poverty status, unrelated individuals are limited to those 14 years of age or older. In statistics on poverty status of unrelated individuals, college students living in dormitories and members of the Armed Forces living in barracks are excluded.

Marital Status. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated are married persons who are either legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage was annulled are classified as never married. Persons classified as never married are shown as "single."

Married persons with "spouse present" are men or women whose wife, or husband, was enumerated as a member of the same household even though he or she may have been temporarily absent on business or vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of enumeration. Married persons with "spouse absent" include both those who are separated because of marital discord and those whose usual place of residence is different from that of their spouse for other reasons, such as service in the Armed Forces or employment at a considerable distance from home.

Years of School Completed. The information on years of school completed was based on responses to two questions. The first called for the highest grade attended, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades. Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. The second question on educational attainment asked whether or not the highest grade attended had been finished.

The number in each category of highest grade of school completed represents the combination of (a) persons who reported that they had attended the indicated grade and had finished it, (b) those who had attended the next higher grade but had not finished it, and (c) those still attending the next higher grade. Persons who have not completed the first year of elementary school are included in the category "less than 5 years of school completed."

Economic Characteristics

Employment Status. According to current definition, the labor force and the various employment status categories relate to the population 16 years old and over.

Reference week. Data on employment status refer to the calendar week prior to the date on which respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. Since the week of enumeration was not the same for all persons, the reference week for employment data is not entirely uniform.

Employed. Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work"—those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or

volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed. Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

Weeks Worked in 1969. Data on weeks worked pertain to the number of weeks during 1969 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

Occupation and Industry. For employed persons the data on occupation and industry refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For the unemployed with work experience and for persons not currently in the labor force who worked at some time after 1959, these data refer to the last job the person held. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1971.

The major occupation groups are sometimes combined into four divisions, as follows:

White collar. Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers, except farm; sales, clerical, and kindred workers.

Blue collar. Craft and kindred workers; operatives, except transport; transport equipment operatives; and laborers, except farm.

Farm workers. Farmers and farm managers, farm laborers, and farm supervisors,

`Service workers, including private household.

The sequence in which these four divisions appear is not intended to imply that any division has a higher social or skill level than another.

Income in 1969. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from all persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of amounts received as wage or salary income, self-employment income, and income other than earnings. Wage or salary income is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an

employee. It represents the amount received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, etc. Self-employment income is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a business, farm, or professional enterprise in which the person was engaged on his own account. Self-employment income may be subdivided into farm and nonfarm self-employment income. Income other than earnings includes money income received from such sources as interest, dividends, net rental income, Social Security benefits, pensions, veterans' payments, unemployment insurance, and public assistance or other governmental payments, and periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities. Not included as income are money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property), the value of income "in kind," withdrawals of bank deposits, money borrowed, tax refunds, and gifts and lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Family income is computed by summing the income of all family members 14 years old and over whereas the income of unrelated individuals or persons 14 years old and over includes only their own income. Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population (including patients or inmates in institutional quarters) in that group.

Poverty Status in 1969. Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see the Volume I reports of the 1970 Census of Population.

The income deficit is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty levels.

The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

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Table 1. AGE AND SEX OF THE NATIVE POPULATION BY RACE, FOR ALASKA BY URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE: 1970

	Nativ	e papulı	tion		Eskimo			Indian			Aleut	
Age and sex	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rura1	Total	Urban	Rur
BOTH SEXES												
All ages	50,605	8,622	41,983	28,233	2,561	25,672	16,080	4,696	11,384	6,292	1,365	4,
der 5 years	6,752	1,083	5,669	4,001	337	3,664	1,980	556	1,424	771 882	190	
to 9 years	8,064	1,292	6,772	4,684	337	4,347	2,498	732	1,766 1,814	912	175	
to 14 years	7,633	1,068	6,565	4,358	344	4,014	2,363 1,705	549 541	1,164	713	136	
to 19 years	5,719	970	4,749	3,301	293 299	3,008 1,673	1,044	368	676	548	157	
to 24 veers	3,564	824	2,740	1,972 1,677	229	1,448	1,199	345	854	369	110	
to 29 years	3,245	684 569	2,561 2,462	1,585	170	1,415	955	290	665	491	109	
to 34 yearsto 39 years	3,031 2,515	466	2,049	1,363	127	1,236	851	285	566	301	54	
to 44 years	2,310	413	1,897	1,159	121	1,038	819	242	577	332 255	50 46	
to 49 years	1,856	281	1,575	1,052	68	984	549	167 170	382 357	240	42	
to 54 vears	1,651	274	1,377	884	62	822 730	527 463	122	341	157	15	
+0 50 Venra	1,409	196	1,213	789 430	59 32	398	350	91	259	150	20	1
to 64 vears	930	143	787 748	453	39	414	347	96	251	102	19	
to 69 years	902 383	154 96	287	189	20	169	164	65	99	30	11	
to 74 years	641	109	532	336	24	312	266	77	189	39	8	ļ
5 years and over	17.5	19.5	17.1	16.6	19.5	16.3	18.5	19.7	18,0	19.1	18.5	
MALIE												
All ages	26,005	4,200	21,805	14,295	1,200	13,095	8,377	2,349	6,028	3,333	651	,
	3,562	642	2,920	2,072	198	1,874	1,125	343	782	365	101	
to 9 years	4,197	657	3,540	2,455	169	2,286	1,280	397	883	462	91	1
0 to 14 years	3,947	588	3,359	2,229	200	2,029	1,216	290	926	502	98	1
5 to 19 years	2,759	477	2,282	1,543	124	1,419		252	562	402 289	101 60	1
O to 24 vents	1,687	312	1,375	938	96	842		156	304 480	289	45	
5 to 29 years	1,677	334	1,343	822	127	695		162 122	434	241	36	ł
0 to 34 years	1,601	223	1,378	804	65	739 604		110	299	155	30	
5 to 39 years	1,222	194	1,028		54			ļ				
0 to 44 years	1,255	207	1,048	571	50	521		131	357 203	196 135	26 20	1
15 to 49 years	1,007	128	879	595	34	561		74 80	178	138	19	1
iO to 54 years	832	125	707	436	26	385		68	176	57	1	1
55 to 59 years	697	79	618	396 234	11 10	224		52	145	84	6	1
60 to 64 years	51.5	68	447	288	18	270		45	166	57	12	Į.
35 to 69 years	199	75 32	167		8	98		24	64	5	-	1
70 to 74 years	292	59		1	10	138	1	43	db	32	6	1
75 years and over	17.3	17.2		i	16.3	16.3		17.9	18,8	19,2	16.8	
FEMALE												
	0.4.000	4,422	20,178	13,938	1,361	12,577	7,703	2,347	5,356	2,959	714	
All ages	24,600		1	'	1	1,790	'	213		406	89	. İ
Under 5 years				2,229	168		1,218	335		420	132	1
5 to 9 years	3,867		3,200	2,129	144			259	888	410	77	ı
10 to 14 years	2,960				169			289			35	
20 to 24 years	1,877			1,034	203			212			97	
25 to 29 years		350	1,218	855	102			183			73	
30 to 34 years	1,430	340	1,084	1 781	105		1	1	1			
35 to 39 years		272	1,021	708	73			1				
40 to 44 years	1,05											
45 to 49 years	, 849						-					
50 to 54 years	811					, ,						
55 to 59 years	, 1 713				1							
60 to 64 years	41:				-					45		
65 to 69 years	18											
70 to 74 years		1							1 120) 7	1	2
75 years and over					1	1	4 18.5	21.8	17.2	18.9	21.2	z l
Median age	. 17.	3 21.0	3 16.	B 16.	21.5	5 16.	11 TO 1	~***	- - ' ' '		1	- 1

Table 2. MARITAL STATUS AND YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED OF THE NATIVE POPULATION BY RACE AND SEX, FOR ALASKA BY URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE: 1970

Marital status and years	Nativ	e popul	ation		Eskimo			Indian			Alout	
of school completed	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
MARITAL STATUS												
Male, 14 years old and over	14,979	2,398	12,581	7,852	651	7,201	5,003	1,370	3,633	2,124	377	1,74
ngle urried, wife present With spouse of same race parated ther married, wife absent ldowed vorced	6,875 6,384 5,548 222 368 662 468	1,136 872 594 22 109 93 166	5,739 5,512 4,954 200 259 569 302	3,684 3,423 3,236 125 155 318 147	342 219 150 7 29 16 38	3,342 3,204 3,086 118 126 302 109	2,185 2,062 1,582 75 168 254 259	606 528 373 15 54 53 114	1,579 1,534 1,209 60 114 201 145	1,006 899 730 22 45 90 62	188 125 71 - 26 24 14	81 77 65 2 1 6
Female, 14 years old and over	14,445	2,913	11,532	7,954	910	7,044	4,677	1,583	3,094	1,814	420	1,39
ingle	4,618 7,562 5,632 174 387 1,274 430	780 1,404 615 49 95 348 237	3,838 6,158 5,017 125 292 926 193	2,856 3,979 3,326 82 228 626 183	319 358 150 - 31 114 88	2,537 3,621 3,176 82 197 512 95	1,297 2,492 1,551 79 112 499	368 835 389 44 45 191 100	929 1,657 1,162 35 67 308 98	465 1,091 755 13 47 149	93 211 76 5 19 43 49	37 88 67 2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												İ
Male, 25 to 34 years old	3,278	557	2,721	1,626	192	1,434	1,198	284	914	454	81	3
Clementary: Less than 5 years. 5 to 7 years. 8 years. Gigh school: 1 to 3 years. College: 1 to 3 years. 4 years or more.	490 717 412 605 688 280 86	19 50 49 138 189 90 22	467 499 190 64	335 448 199 258 274 90 22	6 31 10 56 65 16 8	329 417 189 202 209 74 14	134 51	9 19 34 66 79 63 14	75 193 121 194 223 71 37	71 57 58 87 112 56 13	4 5 16 45 11	£
ledian school years completederent high school graduates	9.1 32.2 49.4	12.1 54.0 21.2	27.7	8.2 23.7 60.4	11.6 46.4 24.5	7.8 20.7 65.2	40.7	12,2 54.9 21.8	10.1 36.2 42.6	10.4 39.9 41.0	•••	33 47
Female, 25 to 34 years old	2,998	696	2,302	1,636	207	1,429	956	351	605	406	138	:
Less than 5 years	404 652 495 614 651 148 34	115 186 236	587 380 428 415 78	245 51	19 36 42 47 45 13	331 436 250 153 200 38 21	81 127 310 307 82	10 48 92 148 53	41 71 79 218 159 29	15	19 25 47 43 4	
Median school years completed	8.9 27.8 51.7	44.7	22.7	19.7		18.1	41.5	12.2 57.3 16.5	10.5 32.4 31.6	28.1	10.6 34.1 31.9	2 5

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Table 3. OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND WEEKS WORKED IN 1969 OF THE NATIVE POPULATION BY RACE, FOR ALASKA BY URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE: 1970

Occupation, industry, and	Nativ	e popula	tion		Eskimo			Indian			Alout	
weeks worked	Tota1	Urban	Rura1	Total	Urban	Rural	Tota1	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP												
Male employed, 16 years old and over	4,726	1,146	3,580	2,145	308	1,837	1,840	652	1,188	741	186	555
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except farm	360 369	104 52	256 317	162 176	28	134 176	154 139	67 35	87 104	44 54	9 17	35 37
Sales workers	80 330	10 113	70 217	65 193	10 27	55 166	8 97	- 59	8 38	7 40	27	7
Craft and kindred workers	950	232	718	410	73	337	351	131	220	189	27	13 161
Operatives, including transport	807	252	555	333	66	267	310	141	169	164	45	119
Laborers, except farm	841 29	151	690 29	322 10	16	306	364 5	96	268	155 14	39	116
Service workers, including private household	960	232	728	474	88	386	412	123	289	74	21	14 53
Female employed, 16 years old and over	3,360	1,051	2,309	1,630	300	1,330	1,272	568	704	458	183	275
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except farm	274 178	67	207	165	29 5	136	90	38	52	19	-	19
Sales workers	143	33 65	145 78	63 59	25	58 34	69 79	26 40	43 39	46 5	2	44 5
Clerical and kindred workers	901	388	513	442	107	335	359	230	129	100	51	49
Craft and kindred workers	31 356	15 95	16 261	117	17	100	11 133	38	95	12 106	7 40	5 66
Laborers, except farm	69	11	58	14	-	14	40	5	35	15	6	9
Farm workers	38 1,123	282	38 841	35 581	102	35 479	3	120	3	-	-	
Private household workers	247	95	152	146	15	131	407 81	63	287 18	135 20	60 17	75 3
INDUSTRY												
Total employed, 16 years old and over	8,086	2,197	5,889	3,775	608	3,167	3,112	1,220	1,892	1,109	369	830
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	358	54	304	90	4	86	146	35	111	122	15	107
Construction	390	127	263	155	41	114	210	81	129	25	5	20
Manufacturing: Durable goods	244 615	58 191	186 424	29 129	25	29 104	186 217	58 84	128 133	29 269	82	29 187
public utilities	842 975	275	567	338	43	295	415	199	216	89	33	56
Wholesale and retail trade Personal services	557	249 203	726 354	554 312	68 57	486 255	305 193	114 119	191 74	116 52	67 27	49 25
Professional and related services Other industries	2,274 1,831	488 552	1,786 1,279	1,290 878	210 160	1,080 718	769 671	199 331	570 340	215 282	79 61	136 221
WORKERS IN 1969 BY WEEKS WORKED												
Male, 16 years old and over	11,217	1,784	9,433	5,737	502	5,235	3,820	970	2,850	1,660	312	1,348
50 to 52 weeks	2,660	764	1,896	1,078	206	872	1,087	397	690	495	161	334
27 to 49 weeks	2,000	407	1,731	912	113	799	873	235	638	353	59	294
26 weeks or less	6,419	613	5,806	3,747	183	3,564	1,860	338	1,522	812	92	720
Female, 16 years old and over	6,272	1,527	4,745	3,082	441	2,641	2,256	820	1,436	934	266	668
50 to 52 weeks	1,275	411	864	558	123	435	546	231	315	171	57	114
TO SO WEEKS	1,181	344 772	837	603	92 226	511 1,695	406 1,304	199 390	207 914	172 591	53	119

Table 4. FAMILY INCOME AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF THE NATIVE POPULATION BY RACE, FOR ALASKA BY URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE: 1970

(Data based on 20-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Total money income and	Nativ	e popular	tion	1	Sakimo			Indian			Aleut	
poverty status	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
INCOME OF FAMILIES												
All families	7,881	1,335	6,546	4,217	348	3,869	2,596	772	1,824	1,068	215	853
Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,989. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$9,000 to \$1,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 or more.	511 747 765 752 638 660 475 408 370 710 652 755	57 36 92 96 91 89 84 67 62 56 168 197 203 37	454 711 673 656 547 571 391 341 308 241 542 455 552	358 492 498 459 373 355 261 199 204 149 306 254 270	8 5 27 23 9 22 15 21 22 25 64 48 59	350 487 471 436 364 333 246 178 182 124 242 206 211	114 192 211 223 200 218 171 106 97 104 297 280 330 53	36 19 54 64 60 44 59 36 31 26 89 116 128	78 173 157 159 140 174 112 70 66 78 208 164 202 43	39 63 56 70 65 87 43 103 69 44 107 118 155	13 12 11 9 22 23 10 10 10 5 15 33 16 27	26 51 45 61 43 64 33 93 60 39 92 85 139 22
Median income	\$5,799 \$7,580	\$8,895 \$9,765	\$5,406 \$7,134	\$4,808 \$6,380	\$9,880 \$9,722	\$4,523 \$6,079	\$6,819 \$8,625	\$8,452 \$9,522	\$6,277 \$8,245	\$8,116 \$9,779	\$7,750 \$10,710	\$8,175 \$9,544
All unrelated individuals 14 years old and over	3,375 \$2,482 \$1,406	1,048 (NA) \$2,025	2,327 (NA) \$1,279	1,471 \$1,886 \$1,096	370 \$2,433 \$1,784	1,101 \$1,702 \$1,027	1,375 \$2,865 \$1,728	528 \$3,300 \$2,111	847 \$2,593 \$1,570	529 \$3,147 \$1,977	150 \$3,692 \$2,185	379 \$2,931 \$1,920
INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL 1												
Persons. Percent of all persons. Percent 65 years old and over. Families. Percent of all families. Mean size of family. Mean income deficit. With related children under 18. Families with female head. Unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over	20,274 41,3 4,2 3,100 39,3 5,78 \$2,153 2,781 591 1,900	1;606 20.2 6.8 248 18.6 (NA) (NA) 207	18,668 45.4 3.9 2,852 43.6 (NA) (NA) 2,574 438 1,483	298	472 20.3 3.0 62 17.8 62 38 178	13,503 53.5 3.3 2,026 52.4 6.13 \$2,413 1,888 260 802	4,973 32.3 5.9 782 30.1 5.28 \$1,713 653 214 660	912 20.8 9.8 142 18.4 3.96 \$1,422 114 84 183	4,061 36.9 5.1 640 35.1 5.57 \$1,777 539	1,326 21.7 6.8 230 21.5 4.61 \$1,481 178	222 17.8 2.7 44 20.5 31	1,104 22.7 7.6 186 21.8 4.71 \$1,470 147
Percent of all unrelated individuals 14 years old and over	61.3 \$1,310 12.6	48,7 (NA) (NA)	65.9 (NA) 14.4	68.4 \$1,349 12.6	53.6 \$1,293 7.9	72.8 \$1,362 13.6	53.3 \$1,280 13.6	43.3 \$1,520 6.6	58.5 \$1,188 16.4	55.0 \$1,236 10.0	50,9	56.2 \$1,192 12.7

¹Excludes inmates of institutions members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table 5. RACE OF THE NATIVE POPULATION, FOR CENSUS DIVISIONS BY URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE: 1970

	Nativ	e popula	tion		Eskimo			Indian			Aleut	
Census divisions	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Tota1	Urban	Rura1	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	50,605	8,622	41,983	28,233	2,561	25,672	16,080	4,696	11,384	6,292	1,365	4,927
Aleutian IslandsAnchorage	2,144 4,946 411	3,772	2,144 1,174 411	4 2,649	2,033	4 616	83 1,632 411	1,141	83 491 411	2,057 665	598	2,057 67
Angoon Barrow Bethel	2,405 6,736	=	2,405 6,736	2,400 6,577	=	2,400 6,577	5 159	-	5 159	-	-	-
Bristol Bay Borough	169 2,807	-	169 2,807	22 1,730	-	22 1,730	4 280	-	4 280	143 797 227	-	143 797 227
Cordova-McCarthyFairbanksHaines	1,778 208	1,124	300 654 208	824 3	426	398 3	73 884 187	663	73 221 187	70 18	35	35 18
Juneau Kenai-Gook Inlet	1,755 840	1,222 144	533 696	52 93	38 4	14 89	1,640 509	1,155 84	485 425	63 238	29 56	34 182
Ketchikan Kobuk	1,187 3,871 1,791	1,049 	138 3,871 1,145	3,860 70	43	3,860 27	1,167 11 87	1,029	138 11 55	15 - 1,634	15 - 571	1,063
Kuskokwim	1,627 252	_	1,627 252	1,026	_ :	1,026	596 117	-	596 117	5 25] :	25
Matanuska-Susitna Nome Outer Ketchikan	4,517 984	-	4,517 984 564	4,492 5	=	4,492 5	13 960 542	-	960 542	12 19 12	-	12 19
Prince of Wales	196		196	57		57	117	-	117	22	61	22
SitkaSkagway-YakutatSoutheast Fairbanks	1,081 653 627	665	416 653 627	43 11 11	12	31 11 11	638 636	592	638 616	4	-] :
Upper Yukon	1,121	-	1,121	155	1	155		-	955 450	159	_	159
Waddez-Ghitha-Whittie	3,707	-	3,707 1,052	3,707 5	-	3,707 5 176	1,020 1,955		1,020		=	27

Table 6. RACE OF THE NATIVE POPULATION, FOR PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

Places of 2,500 or more	Native population	Eskimo	Indian	Aleut
Anchorage. College (U). Bielson (U). Elemendorf (U). Fairbanks. Fort Richardson (U). Fort Wainwright (U). Juneau. Kenai. Ketchikan. Kodiak Station (U). Sand Lake (U). Sitka. Spenard (U).	2,893 161 66 10 808 76 89 1,222 1,44 1,049 632 14 77 665	1,703 107 4 305 3 14 38 4 5 43 - 28 12	837 54 66 - 489 54 1,155 84 1,029 24 8 10 502 240	353 6 14 19 21 29 566 15 566 6 39 61

Table 7. AGE AND SEX OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

Age and sex Anchorage Angoon Fairbanks Juneau Kenai-Cook Inlet BOTH SEXES 1,632 411 884 1,640 509	89 181 177 117 45 48	Kuskokwim 596 63
Anchorage Angoon Fairbanks Juneau Kendreton Ketchi	89 181 177 117 45 48	596 63 117
	89 181 177 117 45 48	63 117
	89 181 177 117 45 48	63 117
All ages 1,632 411 884 1,640 509	89 181 177 117 45 48	63 117
All ages	89 181 177 117 45 48	63 117
All ages	89 181 177 117 45 48	63 117
	181 177 117 45 48	117
Under 5 years	177 117 45 48	
5 to 9 years	117 45 48	
10 to 14 years	45 48	76 96
70 to 24 years		49
95 to 29 vers		25 11
30 to 34 years	93	48
35 (5.35) (6.35)	ĺ	
40 to 44 years	67	11
45 to 49 VentSeed 1 16 78 20	61 56	46 16
50 to 54 years	44	15
55 to 59 years	35	11
65 years and over	93	12
Median age	22.2	17.2
Median nge		
MALE		
All ages	632	284
Under 5 years	61	33
5 to 9 years	107	6-
10 to 14 years	111 74	3:
15 to 19 years	15	.24
20 to 24 years	21	16
30 to 34 years	23 38	2
35 to 39 years		
40 to 44 years	38	1
45 to 49 years	23 16	1
50 to 54 years	21	-
55 to 59 years	29	
60 to 64 years and over 5 16 5 24	55	
17.4	17.5	15.
Median age		
PEMALE		
All ages	535	31
70 46 61 101 23	28	3
Under 5 years. 58 45 65 155 63	74	5
10 to 14 years. 101 34 85 122 36	66 43	3
15 to 19 years	30	2
20 to 24 years	27	
25 to 29 years	28	,
35 to 39 years	55	ľ
20 33 4	29	
40 to 44 years. 57 1 9 12 51 9	38	ŀ
50 to 54 years	50 23	
55 to 59 years	23 6	Į.
60 to 64 years	38	1
by years and over	29.9	1.8
Median age	29.9	1. 10

Table 7. AGE AND SEX OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

			Selected ce	ensus division	Continued		
Age and sex	Outer Ketchikan	Prince of Wales	Sitka	Skagway- Yakutat	Southeast Fairbanks	Upper Yukon	Valdez-Chitina Whittier
both sexes							
All ages	960	542	969	638	616	955	45
			105				
Inder 5 years	129 138	77 100	125 154	68 50	57 77	86 167	8
0 to 14 years	145 71	70 46	119 76	99 74	119 93	176	4
5 to 19 years	47	25	24	48	38	87 61	
5 to 29 years	85	48	85	66	45	60	
0 to 34 years	95 43	10 50	80 65	16 7	43 29	63 40	
10 to 44 years	42	15	78	38	28	52	
15 to 49 years	27 26	16 11	8 26	13 32	28	19	•
60 to 54 years	13	17	32	30	13	39 32	
50 to 64 years	30	26	18	41	13	28	
35 years and over	69	31	79	56	24	45	
Median age	19.8	17.6	22.2	22.9	18.0	17.8	19
MALE							
All ages	523	329	514	340	282	551	23
Under 5 years	77	44	78	49	14	42	
to 9 years	60 57	70 49	84 79	26 43	30 63	65	
5 to 19 years	33	24	44	33	28	115 55	i
0 to 24 years	29	6		16	18	38	
0 to 34 years	55 51	28 10	44 39	45 16	32 17	41 57	
35 to 39 years	25	30	18	7	16	13	
40 to 44 years45 to 49 years	30	11	56	24	16	24	
50 to 54 years	27 16	16 5	11	8	23	12	
55 to 59 years	8		9	20	_	19 20	
50 to 64 years	5	26	18	16	7	18	
Median age	50 25.5	10	16.8	25.3	18	32	0.5
	-010	10.5	10,6	43.3	21.7	19.9	21
FEMALE							
All ages	437	213	455	298	334	404	2
Under 5 years	52 78	33	47	19	43	44	:
10 to 14 years	88	30 21	70 40	24 56	47	102	
5 to 19 years	38	22	32	56 41	56 65	61 32	
0 to 24 years 5 to 29 years	18 30	19 20	24	32	20	23	
O to 34 years	44	20	41 41	21	13 26	19 6	
5 to 39 years	18	20	47	-	13	6 27	
0 to 44 years	12	4	22	14	12	28	
0 to 54 years	10	- 6	8	13	5	7	
5 to 59 years	5	17	15 23	24 10	13	20 12	
0 to 64 years	25	-	-1	25	6	10	:
	19	21	45	19	6	13	
ledian age	15,1	20.1	ı				

Table 7. AGE AND SEX OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

	Selected divisions-C			S	elected places		
Age and sex	Wrangell- Petersburg	Yukon – Koyukuk	Anchorage	Fairbanks	Juneau	Ketchikan	Sitka
both sexes					:		
All ages	1,020	1,955	837	489	1,155	1,029	592
Inder 5 years	166	232	94	108	123	81	60
to Q vears	159 160	296 - 326	106 94	78 48	229 137	161 143	75 61
10 to 14 years	77	221	137	41	150	84	59
20 to 24 years	50	134	121	37	72	45	12
25 to 29 years	78 89	117 83	66 45	33 53	85 58	44 51	48 38
30 to 34 years	51	98	36	25	59	80	52
40 to 44 years	43	111	43	36	33	58	43
45 to 49 years	34	47	32	8	63	55	
50 to 54 years	9 31	90 74	22 22	9 -	45 28	65 44	16 28
55 to 59 years	22	45	9	4	15	35	18
55 years and over	51	81	10	9	58	82	79
Median age	16.6	17.8	19.5	16.3	18.0	25.1	28.0
MALE							
All ages	506	1,033	413	244	528	548	320
	92	118	63	72	67	53	45
Under 5 years 5 to 9 years	62	163	57	37	120	97	51
10 to 14 years	82	141	59	15	53	86	46
15 to 19 years	45	115	37	22	55 46	61 15	3:
20 to 24 years	16 31	49 69	51 35	5 12	43	17	2:
25 to 29 years	60	66	14	32	14	23	1
35 to 39 years	20	44	17	9	20	34	1:
40 to 44 years	32	78	16	26	10 27	29 23	2
45 to 49 years	15	25	20 22	9	19	16	
50 to 54 years	6	54 52	17	_	25	21	
60 to 64 years	12	31	-	-	5	29	1
65 years and over	33	28	5	5	24	44	3
Median ago	16,9	19.1	18,7	14,3	17.2	18.1	17.
FEMALE							
All ages	514	922	424	245	627	481	27:
		114	31	36	56	28	1
Under 5 years	74 97	133	49	41	109	64	2
10 to 14 years		185	35	33	84	57 23	1 2
15 to 19 years	32	106			95 26	30	1
20 to 24 years		85 48	1	1	42	27	2
30 to 34 years	29	17 54	31		44 39	28 46	
35 to 39 years	31						
40 to 44 years	11	33			23 36	29 32	;
45 to 49 years	19	22 36			26	50	1
50 to 54 years	9 25	22		-	3	23	
60 to 64 years		14	9	4		38	
	1 10	53	5	4	34	1 30	1
65 years and over	18	1		1		Į	1

Table 8. MARITAL STATUS AND YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

			Selec	ted census div	isions/		
Marital status and years of school completed	Anchorage	Angoon	Fairbanks	Juneau	Kenai-Cook Inlet	Ketchikan	Kuskokwim
MARITAI, STATUS							
Male, 14 years old and over	477	159	231	431	133	385	15
ingle	215	89	127	180	57	161	
arried, wife present	203	60	82	190	53	142	
With spouse of same race	104	60	26	157	36	120	
arried, wife absent1	30	10	17	4 57	4 19	25 57	
idowed or divorced	29	-	3	3,	19	57	
Female, 14 years old and over	540	104	280	518	110	383	19
Single	178	34	84	145	14	59	
arried, husband present	251	62	128	276	68	238	
With spouse of same race	107	62	25	158	34	125	
Married, husband absent1	39		17	5	18	16	
/idowed or divorced	72	8	51	92	10	70	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED			1				
Total, 25 to 34 years old	222	67	141	231	90	99	:
The surface of the San San San San San San San San San San							
Elementary: Less than 5 years	9 9	10	18	-	19	- 6	
8 years	25	-	14	24	18	23	
High school: I to 3 years	48	15	39	66	37	19	
4 years	86	31	50	71	9	39	
College: 1 to 3 years	24 21	11	15 5	65 5	7 -	8 4	
Median school years completed	12,2		12.0	12,4			,
Percent high school graduates Percent with 8 years or less	59.0 19.4		49.7 22.7	61.0			
	Outer	Prince		Skagway-	Southeast	Upper	Valdez-Chitin
	Ketchikan	of Wales	Sitka	Yakutat	Fairbanks	Yukon	Whittier
MARITAL STATUS							
Male, 14 years old and over	342	177	273	228	198	351	1
Single	142	57	72	00	110	174	
Married, wife present	173	89	156	90 117	119 68	174	
With spouse of same race	142	68	111	106	68	108	
Married, wife absent1	_	6.	18	6	-	18	
idowed or divorced	27	25	27	1.5	11	38	
Female, 14 years old and over	225	129	298	208	197	207	
Single	50	22	25	55	103	66	
Married, husband present	146	89	215	108	65	103	
With spouse of same race,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	129	58	114	89	65	95	
Married, husband absent ¹	12	-	12	11	7	11	1
	17	18	46	34	22	27	1

See footnote at end of table.

Table 8. MARITAL STATUS AND YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

Marital status and years of			Selected	census division	sContinued		
school completed	Outer Ketchikan	Prince of Wales	Sitka	Skagway- Yakutat	Southeast Fairbanks	Upper Yukon	Valdez-Chitina- Whittier
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							
Total, 25 to 34 years old	180	58	165	82	88	123	6
lementary: Less than 5 years	7	-	-	-	13	49	1
5 to 7 years	26 15	-	- 5	21	51 24	36 19	1
gh school: 1 to 3 years	56	33	39	16		14	
4 years	60 16	18 7	77 40	27 10	-	5	}
4 years or more	-	-	4	8	-	-	
edian school years completed	11.3		12.5		•••	6,0	
ercent high school graduates	42.2 26.7		73.3 3.0		• • •	4,1 84,6	,
ercent with 8 years or less	Selected		3.0	• • •	•••		
	divisions-				Selected place	s	
	Wrangell~ Petersburg	Yukon- Koyukuk	Anchorage	Fairbanks	Juneau	Ketchikan	Sitka
MARITAL STATUS						i	
'							
Male, 14 years old and over	298	634	252	125	288	336	1.
ingle	100	327	137	72	121	140	
arried, wife present	123	208	77 40	48 21	123 108	125 112	
With spouse of same race	104 23	186 26	22	5	4	14	1
'idowed or divorced	52	73	16	-	40	57	:
Female, 14 years old and over	283	535	313	140	396	343	2
ingle	71	203	120	39	116 197	34 223	1
Married, wife present	174 103	222 204	105 45	61 20	109	116	
Married, husband absent1	-	23	34	11	5 78	16 70	
lidowed or divorced	38	87	54	29	70	10	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							
Total, 25 to 34 years old	167	200	111	86	143	95	
Hementary: Less than 5 years	-	29	9	_	_	_	1
5 to 7 years	17 16	52 48	5 19	18 14	- 13	6 23	
8 years	64	40	29	14	38	19 39	
4 years	70	25 3 3	49 - -	20 15 5	42 50 	8	
Median school years completed	11,4	8.4	11.3		12.5		
rercent high school graduates	41.9	15.5	44.1		64.3		
Percent with 8 years or less	19.8	64.5	29.7		9,1	<u> </u>	

¹Includes separated.

Table 9. OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND WEEKS WORKED IN 1969 OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

			Select	ed census divi	sions		
Occupation, industry, and weeks worked	Anchorage	Angoon	Fairbanks	Juneau	Kenai-Cook Inlet	Ketchikan	Kuskokwim
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP							
Male employed, 16 years old and over	234	32	81	239	40	164	
hite-collar workers	80	-	40	64	-	8	
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	51 29	-	36 4	38 26	-	4 4	
	126	25	31	121	36	124	
ue-collar workers	55	5	12 10	27 51	7 11	37 44	
Operatives, including transport Laborers, except farm	46 25	20	9	43	18	43	
arm workers	-	-	-	-	-	~	
ervice workers, including private household	28	7	10	54	4	32	
Female employed, 16 years old and over.	208	14	100	203	14	69	
hite-collar workers	106	11	34	148	14	42	
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	25 81	- 11	34	21 127	7 7	7 35	
lue-collar workers	48	· _	15	5	-	-	
Craft and kindred workers	8 30	-	15	-			
Laborers, except farm	10	-	-	5	-	-	
arm workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ervice workers Private household Other	54 17 37	3 3	51 13 38	50 19 31	-	27 - 27	
INDUSTRY							
Total employed, 16 years old and over	442	46	181	442	54	233	
griculture, forestry, and fisheries		-	_	10	6	20	
Construction	45 33	5	19 10	28	7 -	13 50	
ransportation, communications and other]	5	28	100	17	57	
public utilities	48	1 2	22	100 20	17	35	
Personal services Professional and related services		21	37 23	34 56	4	29	
Other industries,		15	42	176	13	29	
WORKERS IN 1969 BY WEEKS WORKED							
Male, 16 years old and over	343	122	186	329	112	244	
60 to 52 weeks	152	5	95	128	16	106	
27 to 49 weeks	. 80	26 91	32	88 113	67 29	58 80	
Female, 16 years old and over	. 268	61	141	322	42	134	
50 to 52 weeks		3		87	7	47	
27 to 49 weeks	. 56 . 106	58	"-	85	4	27	

Table 9. OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND WEEKS WORKED IN 1969 OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

			Selected c	ensus divisions	Continued		
Occupation, industry, and weeks worked	Outer Ketchikan	Prince of Wales	Sitka	Skagway- Yakutat	Southeast Fairbanks	Upper Yukon	Valdez- Chitina- Whittier
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP							
Male employed, 16 years old and over	182	57	185	64	40	96	
ite-collar workers	55	12	50	19	5	21	
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	50 5	12 ~	43 7	5 14	5 -	14 7	
ne-collar workers	91	32	87	37	35	16	
Craft and kindred workers	41 30	15	46 28	4 11	10 19	11 -	
Laborers, except farm	20	17	13	22	6	5	
rm workers	-	-	-	-	-	5	
rvice workers, including private ousehold	36	13	48	8	- 1	54	
Female employed, 16 years old and over.	15	35	122	53	31	57	
ite-collar workers	15	23	55	7	6	15	
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	_ 15	9	20 35	7	 6	10 5	
ue-collar workers	_	12	3	28	_	4	
Craft and kindred workers	_	-	3	28		- 4	
Operatives, including transport Laborers, except farm	-	12	-	_	-	-	
rm workers	_	_	_	-	-	-	:
rvice workers	_	_	64	18	25	38	
Private household	-		25 39	18	25	38	
INDUSTRY	:						
Total employed, 16 years old and over	197	92	307	117	71	153	
riculture, forestry, and fisheries	21	5	13		6 19	5	:
nstruction	63	34	56		-	4	
ensportation, communications, and other public utilities	19	4			10	-	
olesale and retail trade		14	18 25		11 15	5	
rsonal services ofessional and related servicesher industries	24 48	25 10	99 61		10	120 8	
WORKERS IN 1969 BY WEEKS WORKED							
Male, 16 years old and over	306	146	202	188	175	291	
) to 52 weeks			150		11	67	
to 49 weeks	100	59 87			32 132	51 173	
Female, 16 years old and over	140	59	147	101	92	104	
0 to 52 weeks	1	19	65			15 16	
7 to 49 weeks	. 9	40	. 28		1		
OT TERM''''	' ***'	1	•				

Table 9. OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND WEEKS WORKED IN 1969 OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

	median, coo						
	Selected divisions			S	elected places		
Occupation, industry, and weeks worked	Wrangell- Petersburg	Yukon- Koyukuk	Anchorage	Fairbanks	Juneau	Ketchikan	Sitka
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP							
					4.05		
Male employed, 16 years old and over	96	156	113	48	167	142	10
hite-collar workers	4	-	32	22	49	4	2
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	4 -		17 15	22	23 26	4	:
lue-collar workers	72	94	72	22	81	106	
Craft and kindred workers	11	33 19	21 41	8 5	15 34	37 36	:
Operatives, including transport Laborers, except farm	15 46	42	10	9	32	33	
arm workers	_	-	-	-	-	-	
ervices workers, including private					37	32	
household	20	62	9	4	3,	32	
Female employed, 16 years old and over.	62	155	120	66	168	64	
White-collar workers	18	66	76	20	123	42	
Professional, technical, managerial, and	9	30	15	-	21	7	
administrative workers	1	36	61	20	102	35	
Blue-collar workers	23	-	15	10	5	-	
Craft and kindred workers	-	-	5 10	10]	-	
Operatives, including transport Laborers, except farm	1	-	-	-	5	-	
Parm workers	-	3	-	-	-	-	
Service workers		86	29 11	36 13	40	22	
Private householdOther		86	18	23	26	22	
indus try							
Total employed, 16 years old and over.	158	311	233	114	335	206	:
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	1	19	_	_	10	11	
Construction	.	7	22		22	13 46	
Manufacturing Transportation, communications, and other	. 74	-	18	5	18	1	
public utilities		65 30	13 21	28	64 20	53 30	
Wholesale and retail trade	- 1	-	1.6		29	_	
Professional and related services Other industries		133 57	35 108	9 27	16 126	29 24	
WORKERS IN 1969 BY WEEKS WORKED							
Male, 16 years old and over	. 215	517	160	96	212	217	
50 to 52 weeks		18	. 55	49	58	89	
27 to 49 weeks	. 72	59	48	18	62	58	
26 weeks or less	. 128	377	57	29	92	70	
Female, 16 years old and over	136	293	3 165	5 77	263	129	
•	1				,		
50 to 52 weeks							
26 weeks or less							

Table 10. FAMILY INCOME AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF THE INDIAN POPULATION FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

					Sele	cted census	divisions				
Total money income and poverty status	Anchorage	Angoon	Fairbanks	Juneau	Kenai- Cook Inlet	Ketchikan	Kuskokwim	Outer Ketchikan	Prince of	Sitka	Skagway- Yakutat
INCOME OF FAMILIES										1	
All families	267	60	108	261	84	209	93	173	93	170	137
Less than \$1,000	11 12	5	5	18		-	5				12
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	12	17 13	4 -	19	9	27	1			2 6	23
\$3,000 to \$3,999	15	4	-	22		11	1	19	10		19
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999	14 23	14	11 41	13 32		17 32					B 10
\$7,000 to \$9,999	34		5	10		31					18 19
\$10,000 or more	146	-	42	147	26	87	-	75			31
Median income	\$10,694 \$11,122	•••	\$6,696 \$10,272	\$10,786 \$9,829		\$8,278 \$9,406		\$9,477 \$10,788		440 0-0	\$4,938 \$6,349
All unrelated individuals,					1						
14 years old and over	243 En 449	-	190	90			1	1	3	1	32
Mean income	\$2,443		\$2,579		***		• • • •	•••		•	
Per capita income of persons	\$2,293	\$453	\$1,852	\$1,895	\$1,377	\$2,193	\$513	\$2,065	\$1,290	\$2,437	\$1,548
INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL ¹											
Persons	318	390	114	334	119	188	491	303	25	4 94	300
Percent of all persons	21.6	94.9	15.3	21.6	23.4	17.2	83.9	31.6	46.	9.9	47.4
Percent 65 years o d and over	40	5.4	3.5 9	5.7					7.1		10.7
Families	15.0	58	8.3	23.0		17.7				1	46.0
Families with femalo head	19	-	9	30	21			10		- 3	11
Unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over	136	_	59	16	17	28	35	; -	. 2	6 21	18
	5	Selected	census div	lsionsC	Continued			Sele	cted place	<u> </u>	.l
	Southeast		Valde	2-	rangell-	Upper	Т				1
	Fairbanks	Uppe: Yukor		in- Pot	ersburg	Koyukuk	Anchorage	Fai rbanks	Juneau	Ketchikan	Sitka
INCOME OF FAMILIES					:						
All families	108	1	158	70	144	288	134	72	194	192	100
Less than \$1,000	-		17	-	- 10	13	6 5	- 4	18	- 4	8 6
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	10		6	5 9	10 32	44	8	-	19	27	-
\$3,000 to \$3,999	14		22	В	11	25	15	-	22	11	16
\$4,000 to \$4,999	23		29	8	-	18 57	9 10	5 36	13 20	17 28	5
\$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	24 11		22 12	15 5	21 40	23	24	-	10	31	19
\$10,000 or more	20		50	20	30	101	57	27	92	74	46
Median income	\$5,042 \$11,026	\$5,0 \$7,4			\$6,600 \$7,116	\$6,091 \$8,162	\$7,700 \$9,403		\$8,000 \$8,502	\$7,818 \$9,290	\$9,200 \$8,843
All unrelated individuals 14 years old and over	25		106	36	77	158	160	72	78	33	1
Mean income		\$1,8			• • • •	\$2,622	\$2,618	• • •	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Per capita income of persons	\$2,173	\$1,5	343 \$1	, 455	\$1,485	\$1,427	\$2,220	\$1,906	ψ 1 ,826	\$2,257	\$2,237
		1	1		İ		ļ				
INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL ¹					1	1	1				
	290		325	139	266	826	216	70	329	169	
Persons Percent of all persons	290 48.0	35		139 32.3	26.1	42.6	216 28.5	16.3	28.5	17.5	16.4
Persons Percent of all persons Percent 65 years old and over	48.0	35	1.0	32.3 23.7					28.5 5.8 60	17.5 15.4 37	16.4
Persons Percent of all persons Percent 65 years old and over Families		35	5,6	32.3	26.1 10.9 42 29.2	42.6 1.9 114 39.6	28.5 23 17.2	16.3 4	28.5 5.8 60 30,9	17.5 15.4 37 19.3	16.4 14 14.0
Persons Percent of all persons Percent 65 years old and over Families	48.0	35	5.6 1.0 45	32.3 23.7 26	26.1 10.9 42	42.6 1.9 114	28.5 - 23	16.3 4	28.5 5.8 60	17.5 15.4 37	16.4 14 14.0
Persons Percent of all persons Percent 65 years old and over Families	48.0 - 42 38.9	35	5.6 1.0 45 8.5	32.3 23.7 26	26.1 10.9 42 29.2	42.6 1.9 114 39.6	28.5 23 17.2	16.3 4	28.5 5.8 60 30,9	17.5 15.4 37 19.3	16.4 14 14.0 3

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table 11. AGE AND SEX OF THE ALEUT AND ESKIMO POPULATIONS FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

			Selec	ted census div	Lsions	···	
Age and sex	Aleutian Islands	Anchorage	Barrow	Bethel	Bristol Bay	Fairbanks	Kobuk
BOTH SEXES							
All ages	2,061	3,314	2,400	6,577	2,527	894	3,860
and the second s	270	423	296	1,056	386	106	557
Under 5 years	327	517	404	1,079	401	135	672
5 to 9 years	268	491	405	955	417	155	630
10 to 14 veers	245	326	275	717	346	133	468
15 to 19 years	164	348	159	446	141	80	203
20 to 24 years	125	258	133	404	167 138	93 50	193
25 to 29 years	136	223	135	333	102	41	162
30 to 34 years	81	154	116	353	102	41	163
40 to 44 years	134	155	100	242 223	108	35 18	207
45 to 49 years	82	111	93	263	76	4	154 133
50 to 54 years	88	104	59	195	56	19	116
55 to 59 years	58	79	72	83	52	16	43
60 to 64 years	56	30	39	228	67	9	159
65 years and over	27	95	114		i	16.9	
Median age	18,4	18.5	16.7	16.4	15,9	10.5	15,8
MALE						407	1 000
All ages	1,070	1,522	1,241	1	1,328	70	1,993
Under 5 years	128	232	154	531	192 259	70	398
5 to 9 years	151	235	210		200	107	289
10 to 14 years	132	278	201 129	1	189	31	251
15 to 19 years	121	179			52	30	78
20 to 24 years	93	112	76	1	81	47	9:
25 to 29 years	67	134	56		87	7	110
30 to 34 years	75	78 63	64		48	7	7
35 to 39 years	36	""					
	0.5	55	64	121	49	14	10
40 to 44 years		1	1		1		8
45 to 49 years	1 11	1	1	1			7
50 to 54 years		1				-	5
55 to 59 years	1	1	ſ		38		1
60 to 64 years	1		II .		36	5	8
Median age	20.2	15.4	17.5	16.3	15.3	12.9	15.
FEMALE							
All ages	99:	1,792	1,15	3,170	1,199	487	1,86
Under 5 years	. 14						26
5 to 9 years	. 17						3
10 to 14 years	. 13						2
15 to 19 years	. 12						1
20 to 24 years	- '				•	,	1
25 to 29 years	. "				- 1	' I	;
30 to 34 years	. "					- 1	
35 to 39 years	. 4	5 9	1 5	10	•		
40 to 44 years		7 10		12			
45 to 49 vears	. 4	4 5		6 8		~	
50 to 54 years		4 7		12			1
55 to 59 years				22 7		- 1	· •
60 to 64 years	1				8 1	^ I	
65 years and over	·•	4	i7 5	53 8	1 3	* "	1
	1 .	_	_		4 16.	5 19.7	16
Median age] 16	.7 21.	.3 16	.4 16.	4 16,	. i	•

Table 11. AGE AND SEX OF THE ALEUT AND ESKIMO POPULATIONS FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

A and gar	Sele	cted census div	isionsConti	nued		Selected place	s
Age and sex	Kodiak	Kuskokwim	Nome	Wade Hampton	Anchorage	Kodiak	Spenard (U)
BOTH SEXES							
All ages	1,704	1,031	4,504	3,707	2,056	608	476
Under 5 years	176	153	518	610	255	105	75
5 to 9 years	236	178	688	672	268	95	99
10 to 14 years	258 199	164	778	490	258	66	89
15 to 19 years	122	94 77	508	485	216	64	31
	75	50	326 238	261 175	264 184	55	37 36
25 to 29 years	144	87	279	223	130	36 68	28
35 to 39 years	93	53	201	180	94	24	24
40 to 44 years	83	42	171	124	119	7	23
45 to 49 years	86	34	224	131	74	14	4
50 to 54 years	71 52	38 18	119 155	104	51	31	7
55 to 59 years	44	17	100	82 71	56 30	6	6
65 years and over	65	26	199	99	57	15 22	17
Median age	19.6	16.1	17.6	15.8	20.6	18.0	13.6
MALE							
All ages	886	535	2,326	1,893	973	313	173
Under 5 years	67	70	277	312	134	58	42
5 to 9 years	120	58	318	340	124	53	34
10 to 14 years	144	120	401	248	176	29	27
15 to 19 years	117 59	52 58	249 177	171 154	112 95	48 17	17
20 to 24 years	48	32	130	154 85	101	17	10
30 to 34 years	51	29	155	122	47	29	5
35 to 39 years	44	17	107	90	44	12	10
40 to 44 years	54	28	80	69	45	7	10
45 to 49 years	48	17	135	91	43	7	-
50 to 54 years	44	13	68	57	17	18	i -
55 to 59 years	21	18	83	22	5	_	6
60 to 64 years	29	17	47 99	59 73	10 20	6 14	8
65 years and over	40	- [ļ
Median age	19,8	16.9	18.4	16.4	17.3	16.7	11.9
FEMALE	01.0	496	2 179	1 914	1,083	295	303
All ages	818	1	2,178	1,814	,		
Under 5 years	109 116	83 120	241 370	298 332	121 144	47 42	33 65
5 to 9 years	114	44	370	242	82	37	62
15 to 19 years	82	42	259	314	104	16	14
20 to 24 years	63	19	149	107	169	38	33
25 to 29 years	27	18	108	90	83	21	26
30 to 34 years	93	58	124	101	83	39 12	23 14
35 to 39 years,	49	36	94	90	50	12	14
40 to 44 years	29	14	91	55 40	74	- 7	13 4
45 to 49 years	38	17 25	89 51	40 47	31	13	7
50 to 54 years	27 31	25	72	50	51	6	1 -
55 to 59 years	15		53	12	20	9	-
65 years and over	25	20	100	26	37	8	9
Median age	19.3	15.1	16.9	15.6	22.7	20.7	14.3

Table 12. MARITAL STATUS AND YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED OF THE ALEUT AND ESKIMO POPULATIONS FOR SELECTED CEÑSUS DÍVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

			Selecte	ed census divis	ions		_
Marital status and years of school completed	Aleutian Islands	Anchorage	Barrow	Bethel	Bristol Bay	Fairbanks	Kobuk
MARITAL STATUS	684	810	706	1,861	704	192	
Male, 14 years old and over	064	310				192	1,07
ingle	277	406	335	796 941	341	124	50
arried, wife present	362	290 199	332 332	933	325 305	64	43
With spouse of same race	329 18	45	14	52	16	41 4	4.
arried, wife absentidowed or divorced	27	69	25	72	22	-	1
Female, 14 years old and over	568	1,109	640	1,754	695	340	1,0
ingle	155	353	223	565	249	129	3
arried, husband present	383	463	364	989	357	155	5
With spouse of same race	347	208	341	944	305	38	4
arried, husband absent1idowed or divorced	6 24	38 255	18 35	53 147	19 70	18 38	1
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							•
Total, 25 to 34 years old	261	481	268	737	305	149	_
				'		143	35
lementary: Less than 5 years	24 95	21 75	18 102	279 246	104 53	9 '	
5 to 7 years	33	63	76	75	60	35 17	1
igh school: 1 to 3 years	70	109	31	56	10	11	
4 years	20	142	20	67	53	63	
ollege: 1 to 3 years	6 13	50 21	21	14	25	8	
edian school years completed	8.3	11.2	8.2	6.1	7.7	11.0	_
ercent high school graduates	14.9	44.3	15.3	11,0	25.6	11.9 49.7	8
ercent with 8 years or less	58,2	. 33,1	73.1	81.4	71.1	42.7	29 55
	Selec	ted census div	isionsConti	nued	s	elected places	3
	Kodiak	Kuskokwim	Nome	Wade Hampton	Anchorage	Kodiak	Spenard (U)
MARITAL STATUS							7
Male, 14 years old and over	583	306	1 201	1 010	505		_
	ļ		1,391	1,019	555	184	ľ
inglearried, wife present	255	156	686	472	284	90	
With spouse of same race	221 196	93 87	597	425	181	49	
arried, wife absent 1	21	47	565 17	420 47	133	39	
idowed or divorced	86	10	91	75	50	11 34	
Female, 14 years old and over	507	261	1,262	975	736	169	1
ingle	139	85	470	440	040		
arried, husband present	289	111	630	442 448	248 272	37 74	
With spouse of same race	201	96	559	448	138	41	
arried, husband absent	22	25	34	36	23	19	
ldowed or divorced	57	40	128	49	193	39	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED			li .				
Total, 25 to 34 years old	219	137	517	398	314	104	
lementary: Less than 5 years	9	56	58	158	16	4	
5 to 7 years	34	19	121	128	56	13	
8 yearsigh school: 1 to 3 years	60 50	25	117	39	27	19	
4 years	58	13 6	96	44	84	31	
	8	6 -	97 24	26	87	37	
ollege: 1 to 3 years	, ~		4	3	31 13	_	
	_	18	- 1	1	1		
tollege: 1 to 3 years	9.4					10.5	
ollege: 1 to 3 years)	7.0	8.7 24.2	6.0 7.3	11.1	10,5 35.6	

Table 13. OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND WEEKS WORKED IN 1969 OF THE ALEUT AND ESKIMO POPULATIONS BY SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

L			Selecte	ed census divi	ions		
Occupation, industry, and weeks worked	Aleutian Islands	Anchorage	Barrow	Bethel	Bristol Bay	Fairbanks	Kobuk
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP					ļ		
and state of						,	
Male employed, 16 years old and over	229	355	306	452	169	59	
te-collar workers Professional, technical, managerial, and	42	92	52	165	47	15	
administrative workersales, clerical, and kindred workers	29 13	45 47	33 19	95 70	26 21	11 4	
e-collar workers	167	180	215	173	76	32	
eaft and kindred workers	90	87	92	53	37	21	
novetives, including transport	51 26	63	66 57	27 93	9 30	4 7	
aborers, except farm		30		20	30		
n workers	4	-	-	-		-	
vice workers, including private usehold	16	83	39	114	46	12	
Female employed, 16 years old and over.	82	373	115	337	124	85	
te-collar workers	33	184	49	143	42	48	
rofessional, technical, managerial, and						10	
administrative workersadministrative workers	24 9	30 154	49	43 100	18 24	10 38	
e-collar workers	23	34	13	21	9	20	
raft and kindred workers	23	31	13	21	4	20	
peratives, including transportaborers, except farm	-	3	-		5	-	
m workers	-	_	-	-	14	-	
vice workers	26	155	53	173	59	17	
Private household	26	20 135	9 44	40 133	9 50	17	
INDUSTRY							
Total employed, 16 years old and over	311	728	421	789	293	144	
riculture, forestry, and fisheries	32	_	_	14	19	-	
struction	4	44	18	14	5 27	12 6	
nufacturing	70	21	4	46	1	"	
ansportation, communications, and other ublic utilities	17	60	60	32	29	15	
olesale and retail trade	5		59 14	158	52 16	21 15	
rsonal services ofessional and related services	50	67 259	144	241	111	30	
her industries	133		122	213	34	45	
WORKERS IN 1969 BY WEEKS WORKED							
Male, 16 years old and over	556	606	469	1,300	545	135	
to 52 weeks	156	299	133				
7 to 49 weeks	171 229	126	153 183				
		500	172	580	381	178	
Female, 16 years old and over	234		ļ				-
0 to 52 weeks	59		39		1	4	

Table 13. OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND WEEKS WORKED IN 1969 OF THE ALEUT AND ESKIMO POPULATIONS BY SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970—Continued

	Sele	cted census di	visionsCont	lnued		Selected place	es .
Occupation, industry, and weeks worked	Kodiak	Kuskokwim	Nome	Wade Hampton	Anchorage	Kodiak	Spenard (U
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP							
Male employed, 16 years old and over	213	22	375	214	264	121	
White-collar workers	21	4	96	73	68	11	
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	21	4	48 48	44	27 41	11	
Blue-collar workers	162	12	209	1 1		-	1
Craft and kindred workers	38	12	79	69 6	123 44	86 18]
Operatives, including transport	66 58	-	68 62	28 35	58	39	
ì	i			1	21	29	
Farm workers	-	-	5	5	-	-	
Service workers, including private household	30	6	65	67	73	24	
Female employed, 16 years old and over,	169	36	314	123	258	81	e e
White-collar workers	52	21	91	64	129	13	
Professional, technical, managerial, and administrative workers	20	16	10		ł		
Sales, clerical, and kindred workers	32	5	81	36 28	19	7 6	:
Blue-collar workers	72	-	46	-	21	40	
Craft and kindred workers Operatives, including transport	7 59	-	8 27	-	21	7	
Laborers, except farm	6	-	11	-	-	27 6	
Farm workers	~	-	9	12	_	_ [
Service workers	45	15	168	47	108	20	_
Private household	12 33	15	31 137	5 42	16 92	28 12 16	2
INDUSTRY							
Total employed, 16 years old and over	382	58	689	337	522	202	9
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	40	ļ	,,	_ }	ł		
Construction	5	-	18	29	39	15	
ransportation, communications, and other	169	6	20	21	16	86	
public_utilities Wholesale and retail trade	20	-1	69	29	22	6	2
Personal services	40 12	15	107 59	52	70	30	
Professional and related services	68 28	10 27	221 164	11 159 36	205 126	12 41 12	1 1 2
WORKERS IN 1969 BY WEEKS WORKED							
			}				
Male, 16 years old and over	457	206	1,035	832	415	167	5
0 to 52 weeks	106	~	187	92	191	61	3
6 weeks or less	105 246	17 189	210 638	81 659	111	43 63	1
Female, 16 years old and over	294	47	525	390	270	100	74
0 to 52 weeks	45	1	1	1	373	120	
7 to 49 weeks	51	20 10	63 105	38 72	125	15	10
	198	17	357	280	85 163	25 80	5

Table 14. FAMILY INCOME AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1969 OF THE ALEUT AND ESKIMO POPULATIONS FOR SELECTED CENSUS DIVISIONS AND PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE: 1970

			Selec	ted census div	isions		
Total money income and poverty status	Aleutian Islands	Anchorage	Barrow	Bethel	Bristol Bay	Fairbanks	Kobuk
INCOME OF FAMILIES							
All families	374	452	374	1,072	363	88	570
Less than \$1,000	8	8	23	113	30	_	37
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	20 17	10 20	30	189	22	4	21
\$3,000 to \$3,999	31	24	28 50	198 111	43 21	6 4	52 74
4,000 to \$4,999	24	26	6	94	25	4	61
\$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	43 67	52	30	160	96	19	120
\$10,000 to \$9,533 \$10,000 or more	164	78 234	79 128	78 129	57 69	22 29	103 102
Median income	\$8,545 \$9,489	\$10,198 \$10,314	\$7,645 \$8,345	\$3, 324 \$4,690	\$5,988 \$6,883		\$5,702 \$6,631
All unrelated individuals, 14 years old					-	İ	
and over	97	405	41	222	72	164	117
Mean income		\$2,502	•••	\$1,417		\$1,353	\$3,401
Per capita income of persons	\$1,915	\$1,854	\$1,389	\$848	\$1,042	\$1,410	\$1,071
INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL 1							
Persons	373	516	679	4,588	1,127	264	1,579
Percent of all persons	18.3	17.3	28,3	69.9	45.1	33.0	41.6
Percent 65 years old and over	6.2 73	2.7 64	6.2 120	3.5 728	2.5 151	1.5 18	2.8 224
Percent of all families	19.5	14.2	32.1	67.9	41.6		39.3
Mean size of family	 19	 45	5.45 6	6.19 67	6.66 7		6.30 51
Unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over	27	233	29	175	54	97	74
Percent of all unrelated individuals 14 years old and over		60.8	•••	78.8		78.9	63.2
	Sele	cted census div	isionsConti	nued		Selected places	
	Kodiak	Kuskokwim	Nome	Wade Hampton	Anchorage	Kodiak	Spenard (U)
INCOME OF FAMILIES							
INCOME OF FAMILIES All families	271	162	711	538	300	92	71
All families							71
All families	271 5 13	162 14 42	711 43 84	538 90 87	300 8 10	5 7	
All families	5 13 26	14 42 23	43 84 67	90 87 · 64	8 10 14	5	- - 6
All families	5 13 26 5	14 42 23 25	43 84 67 71	90 87 · 64 72	8 10 14 19	5 7 12 -	 6 5
All families	5 13 26	14 42 23	43 84 67	90 87 · 64	8 10 14	5 7	- 6 5 12
All families	5 13 26 5 20 25 61	14 42 23 25 24 8 20	43 84 67 71 85 87	90 87 64 72 63 80 38	8 10 14 19 14 35 62	5 7 12 - 5 9 5	 6 5 12 12
All families	5 13 26 5 20 25	14 42 23 25 24 8	43 84 67 71 85 87	90 87 64 72 63 80	8 10 14 19 14 35	5 7 12 - 5 9	 6 5 12 12
All families Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income.	5 13 26 5 20 25 61	14 42 23 25 24 8 20	43 84 67 71 85 87	90 87 64 72 63 80 38	8 10 14 19 14 35 62	5 7 12 - 5 9 5	- 6 5 12 12
All families	\$5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49	6 5 12 12 5 31
All families. Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$4,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. Median income.	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44	8 10 14 19 14 35 62 138	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49	
All families	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245	8 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 	- 6 5 12 12 31
All families. Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$7,000 to \$6,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. Median income. All unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over.	\$5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 271 \$3,085	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 	 6 5 12 12 5 31
All families. Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. Median income. All unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over. Mean income. Per capita income of persons. INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL ¹	\$5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$850	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 271 \$3,085 \$1,941	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 68 \$2,529	
All families. Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. Median income. All unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over. Mean income. Per capita income of persons. INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL¹ Parsons. Percent of all persons.	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314 160 \$3,495	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059 96 \$688	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$850	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 271 \$3,085 \$1,941 18.3	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 68 \$2,529	6 6 5 12 12 12 5 31 34 34 \$1,373
All families	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314 160 \$3,495 401 23.7 9.7	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059 96 \$688	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$850	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 271 \$3,085 \$1,941	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 68 \$2,529	34 \$1,373
All families. Less than \$1,000. 11,000 to \$1,999. 22,000 to \$2,999. 33,000 to \$3,999. 44,000 to \$4,999. 55,000 to \$6,999. 57,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. All unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over. Mean income. Per capita income of persons. INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL ¹ Persons. Percent of all persons.	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314 160 \$3,495	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059 96 \$688	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$850	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 \$271 \$3,085 \$1,941 18.3 2.9	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 \$2,529 149 24.9 4.0	34 \$1,373
All families. Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. Median income. All unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over. Mean income. Per capita income of persons. INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL ¹ Persons. Percent of all persons. Percent 65 years and over. Families. Percent of all families.	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314 150 \$3,495 \$2,191 401 23.7 9.7 60 22.1	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059 96 \$688 700 68.8 2.7 107 66.0	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$850 2,517 69.0 2.5 369	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 \$3,085 \$1,941 18.3 2.9 50 16.7	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 \$2,529 \$4.9 24.9 4.0 24	\$1,375 \$1,375 \$1,375
All families	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314 150 \$3,495 \$2,191 401 23.7 9.7 9.7	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059 96 \$688	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$850 2,517 69.0 2.5 369 68.6	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 271 \$3,085 \$1,941 18.3 2.9 50 16.7	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 68 \$2,529 149 24.9 4.0 24	\$1,375 \$1,375 \$1,375
All families. Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 or more. Median income. Median income. All unrelated individuals, 14 years old and over. Per capita income of persons. INCOME LESS THAN POVERTY LEVEL! Persons. Percent of all persons. Percent 65 years and over. Percent 65 years and over. Percent of all families. Mean size of family.	5 13 26 5 20 25 61 116 \$8,643 \$11,314 150 \$3,495 \$2,191 401 23.7 9.7 60 60 22.1	14 42 23 25 24 8 20 6 \$3,080 \$4,059 96 \$688 700 68.8 2.7 107 65.0	43 84 67 71 85 87 113 161 \$5,102 \$6,611 203 \$2,234 \$1,176	90 87 64 72 63 80 38 44 \$3,389 \$5,245 158 \$1,485 \$2,517 69.0 2.5 369 68.6 6.28	\$ 10 14 19 14 35 62 138 \$9,429 \$9,721 \$3,085 \$1,941 18.3 2.9 50 16.7	5 7 12 - 5 9 5 49 \$2,529 \$4.9 24.9 4.0 24	 6 5 12 12 5 31

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.